

Remarkably Stable Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TIL) For Infusion Phenotype Following Cryopreservation

Ian Frank, Amanda Stramer, Michelle A Blaskovich, Jyothi Sethuraman, Seth Wardell, Maria Fardis, James Bender, Anand Veerapathran, Michael T Lotze

Lion Biotechnologies, Inc. 999 Skyway Road, Suite 150, San Carlos, CA 94070

Abstract

Background

Lion Biotechnologies focuses on the development to commercialization of cancer immunotherapies based on tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs). Cryopreservation of TILs allows the final cell product to be shipped in a safe manner with less temporal constraints¹. Clinical studies using cryopreserved TIL have not been conducted so far. Freezing and thawing of the cells may cause phenotypic changes such as loss of cell surface receptors². Here, we tested fresh versus frozen/thawed TIL samples and evaluated the expression of individual phenotypic markers.

Results

No significant differences in CD4, CD8, NK, TCRαβ expression, or memory markers comparing fresh versus thawed TIL were observed. The activation status of TIL as defined by HLA-DR, CD38, and CD69 expression was maintained while regulatory molecules LAG-3 and TIM-3 demonstrated a slight decrease in expression. In addition, the viability of both the fresh and thawed product was greater than 86%.

Methods

- TILs were obtained by culturing melanoma tumor fragments in IL-2 (6000 IU/ml) from six different individuals.
- Rapid Expansion Protocol (REP) cells were initiated using irradiated allogeneic PBMC feeder cells with OKT3 and IL-2 in a GREX-100 flask for 11-14 days.
- Cultured cells were cryopreserved in 5% DMSO.
- Flow cytometric evaluation of fresh and thawed TIL following rest for 1 to 2 hours in growth medium was performed using four panels consisting of lineage, differentiation, activation, and regulatory markers.

Results

Figure 1. Composition of fresh vs. thawed TIL

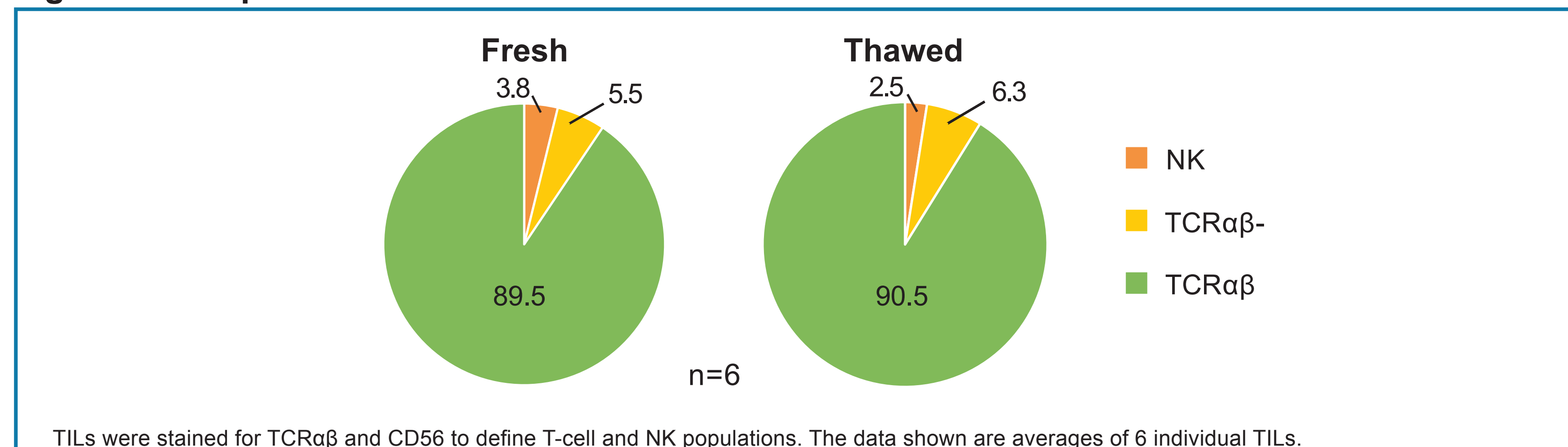


Figure 2. Memory phenotype is defined by CD45RA and CCR7 Expression

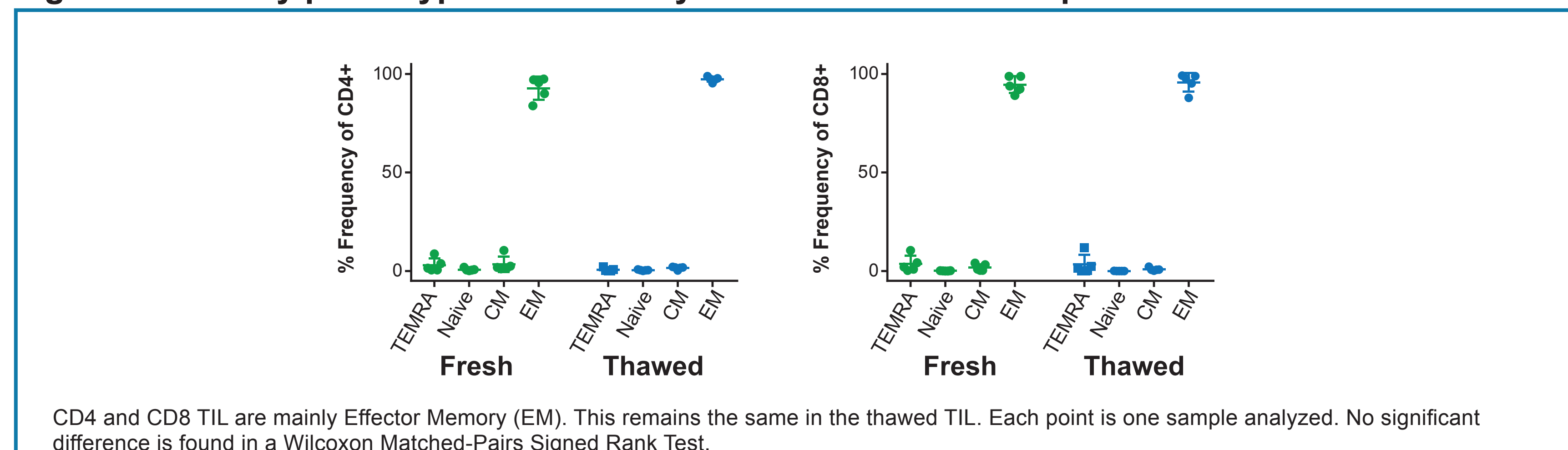


Figure 3. Pearson's correlation of CD4, CD8, CD4+CD28+, and CD8+CD28+ frequency between fresh and thawed TIL

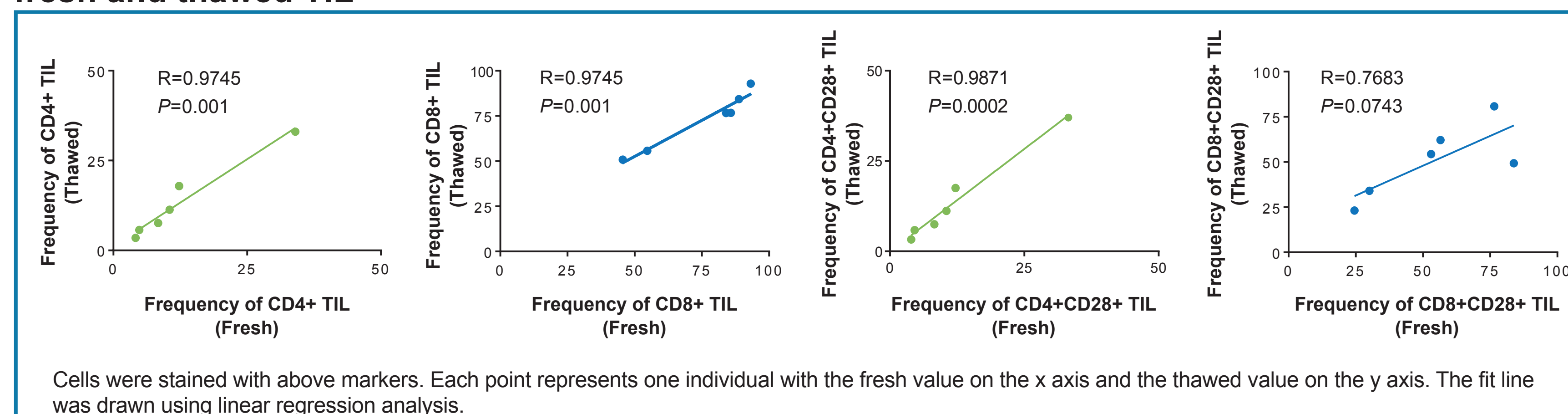


Figure 4. Comparable activation markers on fresh and thawed TILs

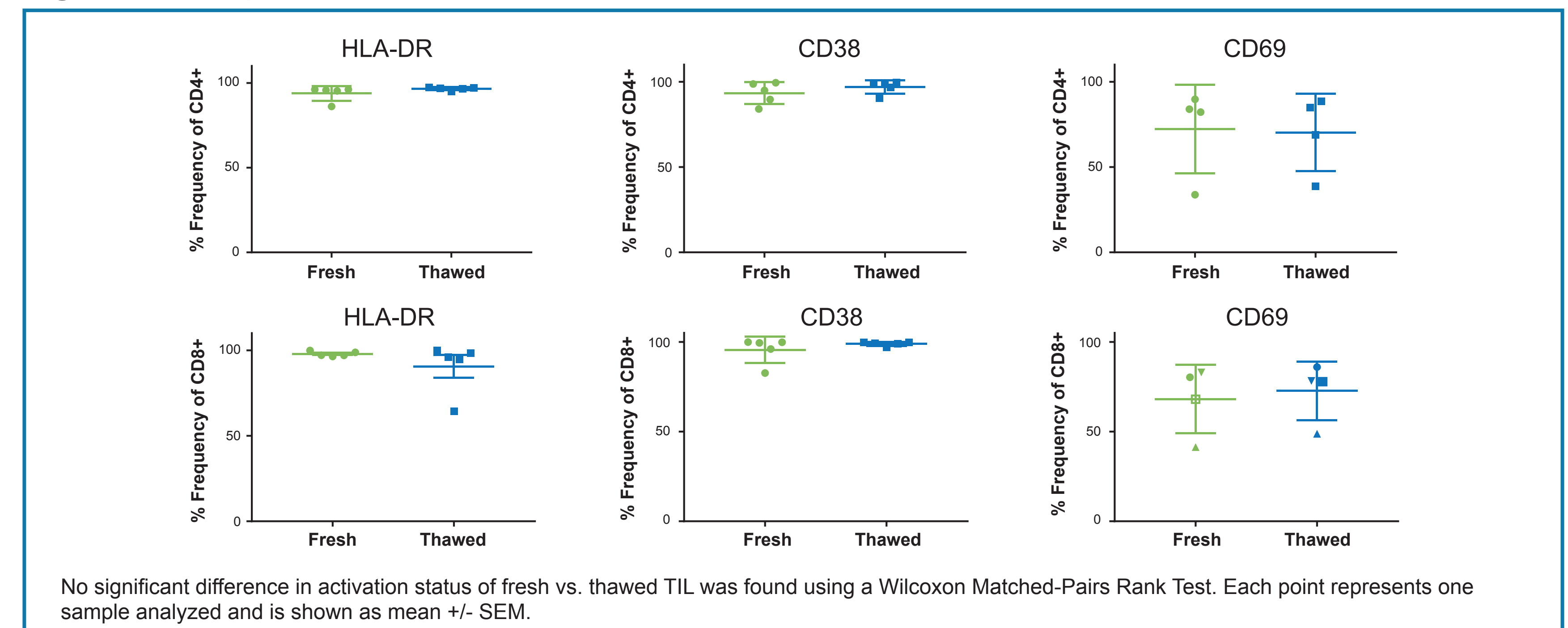
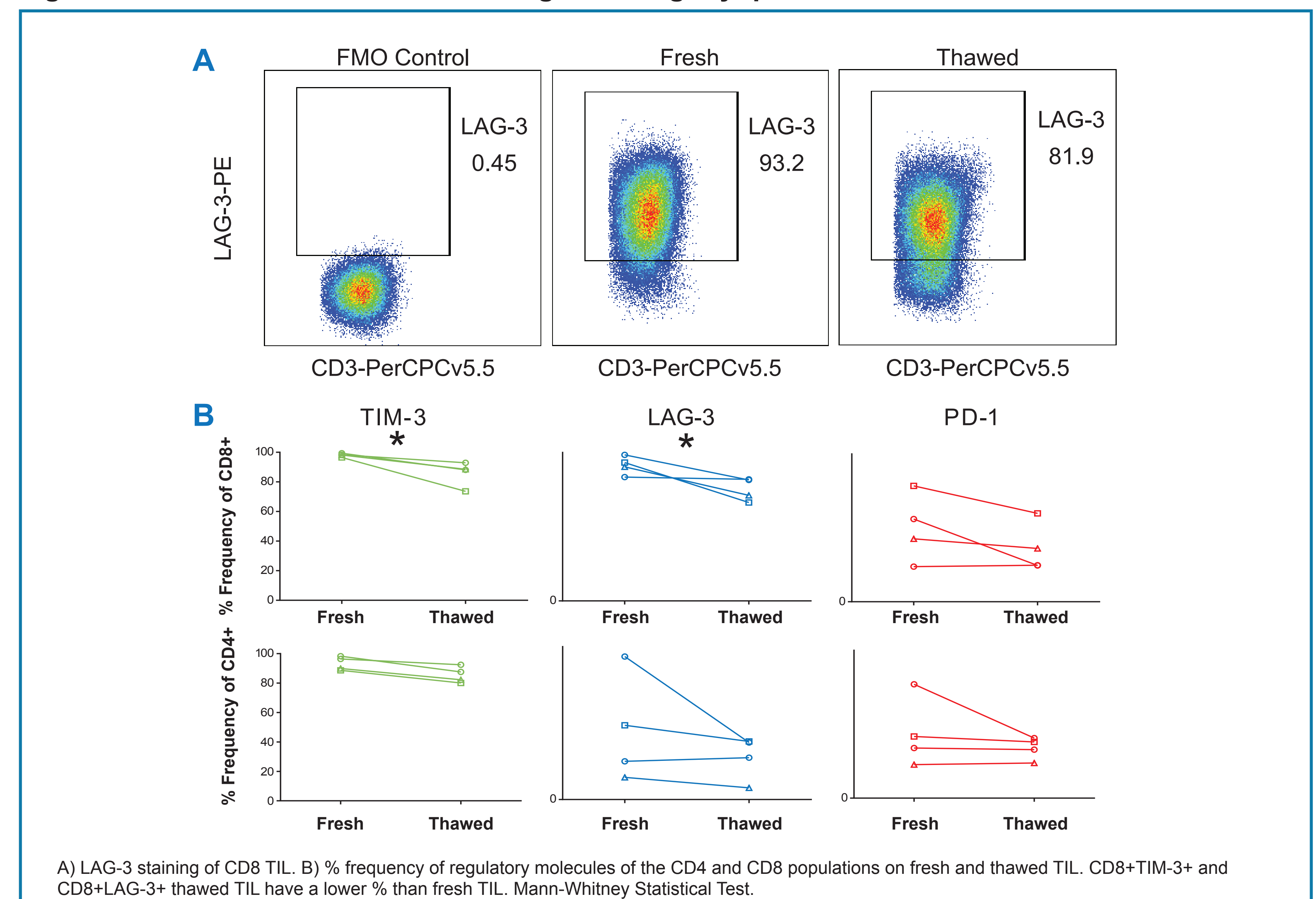


Figure 5. Maintenance of LAG-3 staining following cryopreservation and thaw



Conclusions

- Cryopreservation did not affect the measured phenotypic characteristics of TIL, with the exception of modest changes in some regulatory molecules.
- We are investigating the possibility of using cryopreserved TIL in a clinical setting.

References

- Axelsson S, Faresjo M, Hedman M, Ludvigsson J, Casas R: Cryopreserved peripheral blood mononuclear cells are suitable for the assessment of immunological markers in type 1 diabetic children. *Cryobiology*. 2008, 57:201-8.
- Sadeghi A, Ullenhag G, Wagenius G, Tötterman TH, Eriksson F: Rapid expansion of T cells: Effects of culture and cryopreservation and importance of short-term cell recovery. *Acta Oncol*. 2013, 52:978-86.

Disclosure and Funding Statement

This study was funded by Lion Biotechnologies, Inc. IF, AS, MAB, JS, SW, MF, JB, AV, and MTL are employees of Lion Biotechnologies, Inc. and have stock options.

Acknowledgment

All listed authors meet the criteria for authorship set forth by the International Committee for Medical Journal Editors. Graphic services were provided by AOIC, LLC, and were funded by Lion Biotechnologies, Inc.